

Set 2.6:

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$$\begin{aligned} m^2 - 5m + 6 &= 0 \\ m_{1,2} &= 2, 3 \\ y &= C_1x^2 + C_2x^3 \end{aligned}$$

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$$\begin{aligned} m^2 - 2m + 2 &= 0 \\ m_{1,2} &= 1 \pm i \\ y &= x[C_1 \sin(\ln x) + C_2 \cos(\ln x)] \end{aligned}$$

Set 2.10:

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$$\begin{aligned} m(m-1) - m &= 0 \\ m_{1,2} &= 0, 2 \\ u' &= \frac{\begin{vmatrix} 0 & x^2 \\ (3+x)xe^x & 2x \end{vmatrix}}{\begin{vmatrix} 1 & x^2 \\ 0 & 2x \end{vmatrix}} = -\frac{3+x}{2}x^2e^x \\ u &= -\frac{x^3}{2}e^x \\ v' &= \frac{\begin{vmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & (3+x)xe^x \end{vmatrix}}{\begin{vmatrix} 1 & x^2 \\ 0 & 2x \end{vmatrix}} = \frac{3+x}{2}e^x \\ v &= (1 + \frac{x}{2})e^x \\ y &= C_1 + (C_2 + e^x)x^2 \end{aligned}$$

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$$\begin{aligned} 4\ddot{y} + 4\dot{y} - 3y &= 7e^{2t} - 15e^{3t} \\ \lambda_{1,2} &= -\frac{1}{2} \pm \sqrt{\frac{1}{4} + \frac{3}{4}} = \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{3}{2} \\ y_p &= Ae^{2t} + Be^{3t} \end{aligned}$$

Substituted into the equation yields:

$$\begin{aligned}
 21Ae^{2t} + 45Be^{3t} &= 7e^{2t} - 15e^{3t} \\
 A &= \frac{1}{3} \quad B = -\frac{1}{3} \\
 y(t) &= C_1 e^{t/2} + C_2 e^{-3t/2} + \frac{e^{2t} - e^{3t}}{3} \\
 y(x) &= C_1 \sqrt{x} + C_2 x^{-3/2} + \frac{x^2 - x^3}{3}
 \end{aligned}$$

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$$\begin{aligned}
 m^2 - 1 &= 0 \\
 m_{1,2} &= \pm 1 \\
 u' &= \frac{\begin{vmatrix} 0 & x \\ \frac{1}{x^4} & 1 \end{vmatrix}}{\begin{vmatrix} \frac{1}{x^4} & x \\ -\frac{1}{x^2} & 1 \end{vmatrix}} = -\frac{1}{2x^2} \\
 u &= \frac{1}{2x} \\
 v' &= \frac{\begin{vmatrix} \frac{1}{x} & 0 \\ -\frac{1}{x^3} & \frac{1}{x^4} \end{vmatrix}}{\begin{vmatrix} \frac{1}{x} & x \\ -\frac{1}{x^2} & 1 \end{vmatrix}} = \frac{1}{2x^4} \\
 v &= -\frac{1}{6x^3} \\
 y &= \left[C_1 + \frac{1}{2x} \right] \frac{1}{x} + \left[C_2 - \frac{1}{6x^3} \right] x = \\
 &\quad \frac{C_1}{x} + C_2 x + \frac{1}{3x^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

Extra question:

$$\begin{aligned}
 \ddot{y} - 5\dot{y} + 6y &= te^{-4t} \\
 \lambda_{1,2} &= \frac{5}{2} \pm \frac{1}{2} = 2, 3 \\
 y_p &= (At + B)e^{-4t}
 \end{aligned}$$

substituted in the equation yields:

$$\begin{aligned}
 42At - 13A + 42B &= t \\
 A &= \frac{1}{42} \quad B = \frac{13}{42^2} \\
 t(t) &= C_1 e^{2t} + C_2 e^{3t} + \left(\frac{t}{42} + \frac{13}{1764} \right) e^{-4t} \\
 y(x) &= C_1 x^2 + C_2 x^3 + \left(\frac{\ln x}{42} + \frac{13}{1764} \right) x^{-4}
 \end{aligned}$$