

1. Do a complete classification of states of a FMC with the following TPM
(a dot implies a non-zero value):

(a)

$$\begin{bmatrix} \bullet & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & \bullet \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & \bullet & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & \bullet & 0 & 0 & \bullet \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & \bullet & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \bullet & 0 & \bullet & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \bullet & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & \bullet & 0 & 0 & \bullet & 0 \\ \bullet & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & \bullet & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

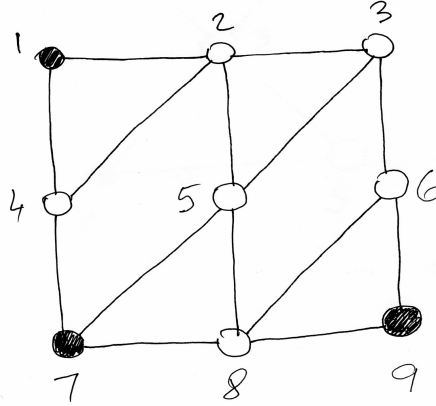
(b)

$$\begin{bmatrix} \bullet & 0 & 0 & 0 & \bullet & 0 & \bullet & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \bullet & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & \bullet \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & \bullet & 0 & 0 & \bullet & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & \bullet & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & \bullet & 0 \\ \bullet & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & \bullet & 0 & \bullet & 0 & 0 \\ \bullet & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & \bullet & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \bullet & 0 & 0 & \bullet & 0 & \bullet & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \bullet & 0 & \bullet & 0 & 0 & 0 & \bullet & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \bullet & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

(c)

$$\begin{bmatrix} \bullet & 0 & \bullet & 0 & 0 & \bullet & \bullet & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & \bullet & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \bullet & 0 & 0 & 0 & \bullet & 0 & 0 \\ \bullet & \bullet & 0 & \bullet & \bullet & \bullet & 0 & \bullet & \bullet \\ 0 & \bullet & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & \bullet \\ \bullet & 0 & \bullet & 0 & 0 & \bullet & \bullet & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \bullet & 0 & 0 & 0 & \bullet & 0 & 0 \\ \bullet & \bullet & 0 & \bullet & \bullet & \bullet & 0 & \bullet & \bullet \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & \bullet & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

2. Consider the following random walk (the full circles are absorbing):



If the walk starts in Node 3, compute

- the exact (use fractions) probability of being absorbed, sooner or later, by Node 9,
 - the expected number of 'moves' till absorption (in any of the absorbing nodes), and the corresponding standard deviation (use decimals from now on),
 - the probability that absorption will take exactly 5 moves,
 - the probability that Node 8 will never be visited.
3. For a Markov chain with the following probability transition matrix

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0.11 & 0.13 & 0.32 & 0.21 & 0.23 \\ 0.13 & 0.05 & 0.27 & 0.34 & 0.21 \\ 0.10 & 0.19 & 0.31 & 0.25 & 0.15 \end{bmatrix}$$

and the following initial distribution

| State | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
|-------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Pr: | 0.07 | 0.09 | 0.26 | 0.31 | 0.27 |

compute:

- the exact (a fraction) probability of ending up, eventually, in State 1,
- expected value and standard deviation of the number of transitions till absorption (in decimals),

- (c) expected number of visits to State 4.
 - (d) the probability of never visiting State 4.
4. Consider flipping a coin repeatedly until either HTT (consecutive, in that order) or TTH is generated. Compute the
- (a) probability of the first pattern 'winning' (i.e. being generated first) over the second one,
 - (b) probability that such a 'game' takes more than 10 flips,
 - (c) expected number of flip this game will take, and the corresponding standard deviation.